2010

Legal and Public Notices

7+12+19+26 & 8+2 STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA COUNTY OF YANKTON: SS

IN CIRCUIT COURT FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

IN THE MATTER OF

THE ESTATE OF

DIXIE LEE HAUSMAN, Deceased.

PRO. NO. 12 - 5

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is given that on February 7th, 2012, John A. Hausman, whose address is 2017 Douglas Ave., Yankton, South Dakota 57078, and James R. Hausman, whose address is 2200 Douglas Ave., Apt. 36, Yankton, South Dakota 57078, were appointed as Co-Personal Representatives of the Estate of Dixie Lee Hausman, Deceased.

Creditors of the Decedent must file their claims within four (4) months after the date of the first publication of this notice or their claims may be barred.

Claims may be filed with the Personal Representatives or may be filed with the Clerk and a copy of the claim mailed to the Personal Representatives.

Dated this 10th day of July, 2012.

KOLETZKY LAW OFFICE, PROF. L.L.C.

Sherri J. Koletzky, Attorney At Law 231 Broadway Ave., Ste. 1 P.O. Box 782 Yankton, South Dakota 57078 Telephone: (605) 260-5000 Facsimile: (605) 260-5002 E-mail: skoletzkylaw@iw.net Attorney for Estate

Co-Personal Representative: John A. Hausman 2017 Douglas Ave. Yankton, SD 57078

Co-Personal Representative: James R. Hausman 2200 Douglas Ave., Apt. 36 Yankton, SD 57078

Jody Johnson Yankton County Clerk of Courts 410 Walnut Street, Suite 205 Yankton, South Dakota 57078

7+12+17 NOTICE TO BIDDERS

The University of South Dakota is accepting sealed bids for parking lot striping (USD Parking Lot Striping BP#1). Copies of the bid documents may be obtained by contacting Stockwell Engineers, 600 N. Main Ave., Suite 100, Falls, SD 57104. 605-338-6668. Bids are due in the Purchasing Office at the University of South Dakota, 209 Slagle Hall, 414 East Clark Street, no later than 2:00 PM, July 23, 2012 at which time they will be publically opened. University of South Dakota reserves the right to reject

YOUR

any and all bids.

The Press & Dakotan



Romney Booed At NAACP Convention

 $\label{eq:houston} \begin{array}{l} \text{HOUSTON (AP)} - \text{Unflinching before a skeptical NAACP crowd,} \\ \text{Mitt Romney declared Wednesday he'd do more for African-Ameri-} \end{array}$ cans than Barack Obama, the nation's first black president. He drew jeers when he lambasted the Democrat's policies.

"If you want a president who will make things better in the African-American community, you are looking at him," Romney told the group's annual convention. Pausing as some in the crowd heckled, he added, "You take a look!"

'For real?" yelled someone in the crowd.

The reception was occasionally rocky though generally polite as the Republican presidential candidate sought to woo a Democratic bloc that voted heavily for Obama four years ago and is certain to do so again. Romney was booed when he vowed to repeal "Obamacare" - the Democrat's signature health care measure - and the crowd interrupted him when he accused Obama of failing to spark a more robust economic recovery.

'I know the president has said he will do those things. But he has not. He cannot. He will not," Romney said as the crowd's murmurs turned to groans.

Syrian Ambassador To Iraq Said To Defect

ISTANBUL (AP) — The Syrian ambassador to Iraq has defected and is on his way to Turkey, the most senior diplomat to abandon President Bashar Assad during the 16-month-old uprising, a Syrian opposition figure said Wednesday.

Nawaf Fares, a former provincial governor, would be the second prominent Syrian to break with the regime in less than a week. Brig. Gen. Manaf Tlass, an Assad confidant and son of a former defense minister, fled Syria last week, buoying Western powers and antiregime activists, who expressed hope that other high-ranking defections would follow.

Appointed to the Baghdad post four years ago, Fares was the first Syrian ambassador to Iraq in 26 years. Like Tlass, he is a member of the privileged Sunni elite in a regime dominated by Assad's minority Alawite sect.

"It's certain. Fares has defected. He declared his defection. ... He's moving toward Turkey," said Khaled Khoja, a member of the opposition Syrian National Council who is based in Istanbul. Asked for details, Khoja said the information came from his own sources on the ground in Iraq.

There was no immediate confirmation from either Iraq or Syria. An operator who answered the phone at the Syrian Embassy in Baghdad said there was nobody at the embassy. When asked if the ambassador is currently in Iraq, the operator said he did not know.

Clinton Makes Historic Visit To Laos

VIENTIANE, Laos (AP) — Decades after the U.S. gave Laos a horrific distinction as the world's most heavily bombed nation per person, Secretary of State Hillary Rodham Clinton pledged Wednesday to help get rid of millions of unexploded bombs that still pockmark the impoverished country — and still kill.

The U.S. dropped more than 2 million tons of bombs on the

North Vietnamese ally during its "secret war" between 1964 and 1973 — about a ton of ordnance for each Laotian man, woman and child. That exceeded the amount per person dropped on Germany and Japan together in World War II.

Four decades later, American weapons are still claiming lives. When the war ended, about a third of some 270 million cluster bombs dropped on Laos had failed to detonate. More than 20,000 people have been killed in Laos since then by ordnance, according to its government, and agricultural development has been stymied.

Clinton, gauging whether a nation the U.S. pummeled in wartime can evolve into a new foothold of American influence in Asia, met with the prime minister and foreign minister, part of a weeklong diplomatic tour of Southeast Asia. The goal is to bolster America's standing in some of the fastest growing markets of the world, and counter China's expanding economic, diplomatic and military dominance of the region.

Clinton said she and Laotian leaders "traced the arc of our relationship from addressing the tragic legacies of the past to finding a way to being partners of the future."

Electric Rates Rise As Natural Gas Prices Drop

NEW YORK (AP) — A plunge in the price of natural gas has made it cheaper for utilities to produce electricity. But the savings aren't translating to lower rates for customers. Instead, U.S. electricity prices are going up.

Electricity prices are forecast to rise slightly this summer. But any increase is noteworthy because natural gas, which is used to produce nearly a third of the country's power, is 43 percent cheaper than a year ago. A long-term downward trend in power

prices could be starting to reverse, analysts say.

"It's caused us to scratch our heads," says Tyler Hodge, an analyst at the Energy Department who studies electricity prices.

The recent heat wave that gripped much of the country increased demand for power as families cranked up their air conditioners. And that may boost some June utility bills. But the nationwide rise in electricity prices is attributable to other factors,

— In many states, retail electricity rates are set by regulators every few years. As a result, lower power costs haven't yet made their way to customers.

Jesse Jackson, Jr. Treated For 'Mood Disorder'

WASHINGTON (AP) — A statement from Congressman Jesse Jackson Jr.'s office says the Chicago Democrat is receiving "intensive medical treatment" for a "mood disorder."

The statement Wednesday gives no details about his location and

comes a month after Jackson went on medical leave. The statement says Jackson is at a residential treatment facility and is responding positively to treatment. It says he's expected to

Staff members say the statement is from Jackson's physician but the doctor's name and location won't be released due to federal pri-

Jackson went on leave June 10, and his office initially said he was being treated for exhaustion. But staff said last week that his condition was worse than previously thought and required inpatient treatment. They also disclosed Jackson has been battling emotional

Dems Fail To Block Food Stamp Cuts In Farm Bill

BY JIM ABRAMS **Associated Press**

WASHINGTON — Democrats fell short in efforts Wednesday to block cuts to the food stamp program as the House Agriculture Committee moved ahead on a half-trillion-dollar bill to fund farm and nutrition programs over the

next five years. Similarly, a Republican attempt to make deeper cuts to the program was defeated. The program that helps feed 46 million people at a cost of near \$80 billion a year, about 80 percent of farm bill spending, was the dominant issue as committee members tried to advance one of the larger and more expensive

bills that Congress is taking up this year. Democrats insisted that any cuts to the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program would result in people going hungry. Republicans said they were merely trying to bring efficiency to a program to ensure that anyone who is qualified for food benefits will

The committee's draft measure would save \$3.5 billion a year from current spending levels through such steps as ending the practice of direct payments for nonactive farmers and consolidating conservation programs. Of that, \$1.6 billion in savings would come from tightening eligibility rules and ending abuses in the

receive them.

The Senate version of the farm bill passed last month on a bipartisan vote would save about \$2.3 billion a year, with \$400 million coming from the food stamp program.

food stamp program.

The House and Senate must reach a compromise before the current farm bill expires at the end of September.

House GOP leaders have not committed to bringing the legislation to the floor, where its chances of passage are clouded. Conservatives are balking at the price and Democrats are unhappy with prospective food stamp cuts.

In earlier votes Wednesday, the committee also rejected amendments affecting the sugar and dairy industries.

The panel defeated, on a 31-15

vote, a proposal by Rep. Jim Mc-Govern, D-Mass., that would have eliminated all the proposed cuts to food stamps. The cuts, he said, would deprive some 2 million to 3 million people of food assistance and would "literally take food away from hungry people." Rep. Joe Baca, D-Calif., told his colleagues, "I once relied on food stamps." Without that aid, he said, "I wouldn't have been able to feed my son and my wife."

But Republicans pointed to the sharp rise in beneficiaries, from 19 million in 2002 to 46 million a decade later, and current policies that encourage further enrollment as a means to stimulate the economy or fight obesity by promoting healthier eating. The proposed House cuts would target practices by many states of waiving food stamp asset and income limits for people receiving other welfare benefits or giving minimal heating aid to people so they are eligible for increased food stamp assistance.

The committee chairman, Rep. Frank Lucas, R-Okla., stressed that no qualified people would be deprived of help. "I believe most Americans will agree that a 2 percent cut in food stamps is reasonable," he said.

The top Democrat on the committee, Rep. Collin Peterson of Minnesota, also voted against the McGovern amendment, saying that while he was concerned about changes to nutrition programs in the bill, "I understand that these are the cuts that need to be done" to get the bill through the committee and the House.

The committee also rejected, by 28-15, an amendment by Rep. Kurt Schrader, D-Ore., that would have agreed to the Senate plan to reduce food stamp spending by \$400 million a year.

Later, half of the 26 Republicans on the committee joined Democrats in a 33-13 vote to defeat an amendment by Rep. Tim Huelskamp, R-Kan., to double the food stamp reductions to \$3.3 billion a year. Several Republicans acknowledged that deeper cuts would make it more difficult to reach a compromise with the Democratic-led Senate. "We will good chance of getting beyond" the level of reductions in the Senate bill, said Rep. Michael

Conaway, R-Texas.
The House bill also differs from its Senate counterpart by preserving a price support program that pays farmers when prices fall below certain levels. The target price system is favored by Southern rice and peanut farmers, who objected to the elimination of price supports in the Senate bill.

The House measure gives farmers a choice between the price support program and a taxpayerpaid revenue protection program included in the Senate bill that compensates farmers for modest revenue losses before crop insurance kicks in. The need for a strong safety net program became more pronounced as heat and drought threatened to seriously damage the Midwestern corn

crop.
The committee defeated, by 36-10, an amendment by Rep. Robert Goodlatte, R-Va., that would have brought changes to federal sugar policy that for eight decades has protected beet and sugarcane growers and sugar refiners by controlling prices and limiting imports. Goodlatte argued that government supports drove up prices, forced food companies to move overseas and cost jobs. The amendment was pushed by beverage companies, confectioners and consumer groups.

But supporters of the current policy said it did not cost the government anything and protected producers from a surge in Mexican or Brazilian imports. Similar efforts in the Senate to repeal or reduce the scope of current sugar policy failed.

The House panel also rejected, by 29-17, another amendment by Goodlatte and Rep. David Scott, D-Ga., that would have removed a requirement for dairy farmers participating in a new voluntary risk management program to also agree to be subject to supply management controls where they would have to cut production when surpluses drive down prices.

Deaths

From Page 1

the lists. Three attorneys from his office already are going through in which new prosecutions could be brought or additional investigative work is necessary.

Johnson said prosecutions on the Pine Ridge reservation increased last year, and that active cases will continue to take precedent over inactive cases. Some of the old cases could be reviewed in as little as six to 12 months, he said, while others "could take a

long time.' The original list contained 28 cases that Oglala Sioux officials wanted reopened because they said the FBI hadn't sufficiently investigated them. Eleven more cases resulted in prosecutions, but the tribe believed those prosecuted "were inadequately

charged and/or received insufficient sentences.'

Baker acknowledged further prosecution was unlikely because the American judicial system doesn't allow for suspects to be tried twice for the same crime.

Last month, Johnson announced three attorneys from his office would review the case files from the first list of names. But because many of the cases occurred during a violent period of the 1970s, Johnson said it would likely be challenging to gather new evidence. The FBI typically investigates

murders on reservations while the U.S. Attorney prosecutes the Tom Poor Bear, the tribe's vice

president, said the requests for new investigations stem from tribe members' "lack of trust in the FBL'

"I would like to see a special team of investigators other than the FBI come down and investigate these deaths," he told the AP in June. He didn't return a phone call seeking comment . Wednesdav.

The original list includes the deaths of Poor Bear's brother, Wilson Black Elk, and cousin, Ron Hard Heart, whose bodies were found in 1999 on reservation land across the border from Whiteclay,

One reopened case has been successfully prosecuted.

American Indian Movement activist Annie Mae Aquash's 1975 killing went unsolved for decades until Fritz Arlo Looking Cloud was convicted of first-degree murder in 2004 in federal court. John Graham was convicted in state court for the death in 2010.

The FBI in 2000 issued a report detailing their investigations into the deaths of 57 people that occurred during the 1970s. The report said the bureau was right in closing the cases, even in situations where no one had been prosecuted for a death deemed unnatural.

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