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over the four-year period."

The research is being conducted with partners at the Veterans Affairs (VA) Medical Center in Sioux Falls and the Veteran Health Care System in Bay Pines, Fla.

Simons and Gaher are also working with a behavioral geneticist at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln, an electrochemical engineering firm in Boston and a leading expert in longitudinal modeling at the University of California-Davis.

The researchers are studying the link between traumatic stress and health, Simons said.

"The subjects give us a saliva sample for the genetics study, which is related to specific neurotransmitters in the brain," he said. "It's not like there's a gene for PTSD. It's more related to reactivity and control. We are looking at self-regulation and emotions.

The researchers are also studying a veteran's surroundings. They are

"Some of what we do tries to look

The project uses advanced data

The veterans are asked about their experiences at the moment, Simons said.

"We start off asking where the person is at in a given point in time. Are they at work or at home? What is their social environment like? Whether they are with people or not?" he said. "We also ask questions about experiences that might have reminded them of the war.

The real-time information, along with the randomness of the calls, provide a much clearer picture than asking veterans to remember past moods, Simons said.

"People have all kinds of biases in how they recall information. If you ask them today, 'How was your week?,' in part they will be influenced by how they are today," he said. "By knowing how they are feeling in each point in time, we can quantify it as opposed to getting your perceptions about a more remote time.³

After one to two weeks, the South Dakota veterans come to the USD campus in Vermillion or to a VA office in Sioux Falls to download their data. The veterans are also interviewed, giving researchers a chance for faceto-face interaction.

The Florida veterans visit offices in their state, Simons said, noting Gaher has contacts among the Florida researchers.

ing subjects in the near future, Simons said.

Petraeus

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Obama said in a statement that the retired general had provided extraordinary service to the United States for decades" and had given a lifetime of service that ⁴made our country safer and stronger." Obama called him "one of the outstanding general officers of his generation.'

The president said that CIA Deputy Director Michael Morell would serve as acting director. Morell was the key CIA aide in the White House to President George W. Bush during the Sept. 11, 2001, terror attacks.

"I am completely confident that the CIA will continue to thrive and carry out its essential mission," Obama said.

The resignation comes at a sensitive time. The administration and the CIA have struggled to defend security and intelligence lapses before the attack that killed the U.S. ambassador to Libya and three others. It was an issue during the presidential campaign that ended with Obama's re-election Tuesday.

Morell rather than Petraeus

being engaged in an extramarital affair is considered a serious breach of security and a counterintelligence threat. If a foreign government had learned of the affair, person with whom he was involved could have been blackmailed or otherwise compromised. Military

an extramarital affair to be possible grounds for court martial Failure to resign also could cre-

ate the perception for the rankand-file that such behavior is acceptable.

At FBI headquarters, spokesman Paul Bresson declined to comment on the information that the affair had been discovered in the course of an investigation by the bureau.

Holly Petraeus is known for her work helping military families. She joined the new Consumer Financial Protection Bureau to set up an office dedicated to helping service members with financial issues.

Though Obama made no direct mention of Petraeus' reason for resigning, he offered his thoughts and prayers to the general and his wife, saying that Holly Petraeus had "done so much to help military families through her own work. I wish them the very best at this difficult time.'

Petraeus, who became CIA director in September 2011, was known as a shrewd thinker and hard-charging competitor. His management style was recently lauded in a Newsweek article by Paula

work with you to an end.

stances

over the discovery of a KGB mole

the revelation that he had kept classified information on his home computer.

Before Obama brought Petraeus to the CIA, he was credited with salvaging the U.S. war in Iraq.

"His inspirational leadership and his genius were directly responsible - after years of failure for the success of the surge in Iraq," Sen. John McCain, R-Ariz., said Friday.

President George W. Bush sent Petraeus to Iraq in February 2007, at the peak of sectarian violence, to turn things around as head of U.S. forces. He oversaw an influx of 30,000 U.S. troops and moved troops out of big bases so they could work more closely with Iraqi forces scattered throughout Baghdad.

Petraeus' success was credited with paving the way for the eventual U.S. withdrawal.

After Iraq, Bush made Petraeus commander of U.S. Central Command, overseeing all U.S. military operations in the greater Middle East, including Afghanistan and Pakistan.

When the top U.S. commander in Afghanistan, Gen. Stanley Mc-Chrystal, was relieved of duty in June 2010 for comments in a magazine story, Obama asked Petraeus to take over in Kabul and the general quickly agreed.

In the months that followed, Petraeus helped lead the push to add more U.S. troops to that war and dramatically boost the effort to train Afghan soldiers and police.

House Homeland Security Chairman Peter King, R-N.Y., said he regretted Petraeus' resignation, calling him "one of America's most outstanding and distinguished military leaders and a true American patriot.'

Senate Intelligence Committee Chairman Dianne Feinstein also regretted the resignation but gave Morell high marks, too.







