healthlines

The Center To Host Flu Shot Clinic

The Center, located at 900 Whiting Drive in Yankton, will host a flushot clinic on Thursday, Oct. 11, running from 10:30 a.m.-12-30 p.m. The cost is \$25 for those who don't have their Medicare, Humana or

For more information, contact Kriss Thury at 605-665-4685 or email kris@thecenteryankton.org.

Kightlinger: Time For Influenza Vaccination

PIERRE — Although it's only September, influenza has been detected in South Dakota, prompting a state health official to urge universal vac-

We have already reported four confirmed cases of influenza, all children," said Dr. Lon Kightlinger, State Epidemiologist for the department. Fortunately the vaccine is readily available this year and now is a good time to be vaccinated."

Kightlinger noted that 51.1 percent of South Dakotans over age 6 months were vaccinated against the flu during the 2011-2012 season, the highest rate in the nation.

Annual flu vaccination is recommended for everyone, but some groups are at higher risk for complications - pregnant women, people over 50 years and people with chronic medical conditions. Health-care workers and household contacts of high risk populations such as those with young infants in the household should especially be vaccinated.

Dr. Kightlinger encouraged parents to take advantage of the free flu vaccine the state offers for kids from six months to 18 years. Kids account for a significant number of flu cases and hospitalizations each year and also help spread the illness in the community. Vaccinating children protects them and the people around them.

South Dakotans can also prevent the spread of the flu by practicing

the common sense measures of the department's "Stopping the flu starts with you" campaign:

- Wash your hands often with soap and water or use alcohol-based hand gel if you can't wash;

 - Cover your mouth when you cough or sneeze;
 Don't touch your eyes, nose or mouth;
 - Stay home if you're sick.

Influenza is a viral respiratory illness marked by the sudden onset of fever, headache, extreme tiredness, dry cough, sore throat, runny or stuffy nose and muscle aches. It spreads when an infected person coughs, sneezes or talks, sending the highly contagious virus into the air. Learn more at http://flu.sd.gov.

Medical Students Publish Research Paper

A research project by Brandt E. Becker, Thomas C. Howard, Micah L. Likness, Courtney E. Merkwan and Dan D. Tarver, all third-year medical students in Yankton in 2007, was published in the September issue of the American Journal of Surgery as "Running Sutures Anchored with Square Knots are Unreliable.

They studied the strength of various knots used to tie down surgical sutures when used to close incisions during operations. Their data proved that the square knot, historically the favorite knot of surgeons, was inferior to plain half hitches when anchoring the start of a suture

Preliminary results of their research project were presented as a poster at the 59th annual meeting of the Southwestern Surgical Con-

gress held in Rancho Mirage, Calif., in 2007.

Andrew Van Osdol, a third-year medical student in 2008, provided additional research data and his paper won the Chester B. McVay Research Award at the 2010 meeting of the South Dakota chapter of the American College of Surgeons.

All six authors collaborated on the final manuscript. These former students are now practicing physicians and most have finished their

"These students were incredibly brave to question the prevailing dogma that the square knot is the best knot for all surgical applications, said Dr. Lars Aanning of Yankton. "But the validity of their research data and their conclusions have now been peer reviewed and accepted. We should all be proud of their success."

S.D.'s e-Health Summit Planned For Sioux Falls

MADISON — Dakota State University has announced details concerning South Dakota's fifth annual e-Health Summit. The event, which focuses on the most up to date health information technology happenings, will be held in Sioux Falls at the Ramkota Hotel on Friday,

This is the only summit of its kind within the region dedicated to advancing the role of health information technology (HIT) and the topic of health information exchange (HIE).

The conference will draw participants from the public sector, private industry, health plans, hospital administration, healthcare vendors, healthcare providers, and many others to showcase the latest technologies, celebrate achievements, inspire collaboration, and support the advancement of healthcare innovation. Dakota State University invites exhibitors and sponsors to take part in this exciting opportunity.

This conference will bring together local, regional, and national innovators in the adoption and integration of HIT and HIE," said Kevin De-Wald, the state's Health Information Technology Coordinator. "We plan to create an opportunity to exchange ideas and information from hospitals, provider offices, and other professionals to foster new ways to use technology to change the way health care is delivered."

The conference is being supported by numerous resource groups within the state in addition to Dakota State University, including South Dakota Health Link, HealthPOINT (South Dakota's Regional Extension Center), and the Department of Social Services. Additional collaborators include the South Dakota State Medical Association, the South Dakota Association of Health Care Organizations, the South Dakota Foundation for Medical Care, the South Dakota Chapter of the Healthcare Information and Management Systems Society and the South Dakota Health Information Management Association.

The conference will consist of educational sessions and recent updates to the stages of Meaningful Use and Health Information Exchange. The event's keynote speaker will be internationally known patient advocate and artist, Regina Holliday, whose husband died of cancer in 2009 and was denied timely access to his medical records. Dr. Jan Lee of Delaware's Health Information Network will also speak as well as Kim Lynch, National Director of the Regional Extension Center program. More information on register, sponsoring, speakers and programming can be found at http://healthpoint.dsu.edu/summit2012.

Gut Bacteria Different In People With Diabetes

From the Los Angeles Times

There's a lot of talk these days about the role of gut bacteria in disease and health. The latest report in that area: a study in Nature that finds differences between the bacteria growing in the guts of people who have diabetes and those who don't.

The Chinese and European authors of the study used DNA analysis to figure out the bacterial populations inside 345 Chinese people.

They found that people with diabetes had mild gut disturbances. They had fewer bacteria that make a compound called butyrate, for example. And they had higher levels of various bacteria that can increase in number when opportunity strikes and thereby cause disease.

Reduced numbers of butyrate-producing bacteria are also seen in people who are older and in people who have colorectal cancer — implying that these bacteria could play a generally protective role in the gut, the authors wrote.



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'Ghost Surgery': When Your Surgeon Isn't The One You Expected

BY DEBORAH L. SHELTON

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CHICAGO — Some patients painstakingly vet their surgeons to find a highly skilled professional to perform their operation, only to discover later that they didn't get the person they wanted or expected.

À different physician can step in for legitimate reasons, such as a medical emergency involving the surgeon. And at academic medical centers, residents and other junior health professionals often perform procedures under supervision. Medical experts and patient advocates agree that is acceptable as long as patients are informed and give con-

But in some cases, patient advocates say, there can be an actual bait-and-switch, when a prominent surgeon promises to carry out the procedure but does not.

It's not clear how often such "ghost surgeries" occur, because they are not tracked or studied. But lawsuits provide a glimpse into the allegations of unhappy patients who had bad outcomes, started to look into what went wrong, and learned they were mistaken about which doctor performed the proce-

Denyse Richter of New Hampshire filed a medical malpractice case after her heart was severely damaged in a cardiac operation. She had sought out a renowned, triple board-certified cardiologist, but instead the procedure was performed by a less experienced provider. Now Richter requires a pacemaker.

"I sought the rock star, and I got the opening act," said Richter, whose case went to a jury in 2008 before being settled for an undisclosed amount.

In Chicago, an orthopedic surgeon filed a suit in 2004 that accuses Rush University Medical Center and a group of fellow surgeons of billing Medicare for operations conducted by unsupervised medical residents. And last month, a patient sued a urologist at Northwestern Memorial Hospital, alleging he did not perform her kidney operation as

Patient advocates say it's not uncommon to hear from people with similar stories, though such cases can be difficult to win in

'We can go into the operating room, be sedated and have a different person we know nothing about cut into our bodies," said Dr. Julia Hallisy, a dentist who is president of The Empowered Patient Coalition, based in San Francisco. "It's alarming and disconcerting on so many levels, not just from a medical or legal standpoint, but from a trust and ethical stand-

Hallisy got interested in ghost surgery in 1998, when a review of her late daughter's medical records revealed that the name of the surgeon she had expected to perform a biopsy wasn't in the operative notes. Listed instead were two medical residents, Hallisy said. Yet the surgeon had appeared after the pro-

cedure — dressed in scrubs and holding a vial containing a piece of her daughter's bone — to say it went well, Hallisy said. It "seemed intentionally misleading," she

said, and although her young daughter wasn't harmed, the family felt manipulated and filed a complaint with the California medical board. Hallisy said the experience helped motivate her to start an advocacy group; patients, she said, want informed, transparent and shared decision-making.

The American College of Surgeons tells its members that it's unethical to mislead a patient about the identity of the person performing an operation.

This principle applies to the surgeon who performs the operation when the patient believes that another physician is operating ('ghost surgery') and to the surgeon who delegates a procedure to another surgeon without the knowledge and consent of the patient," the organization's guidelines state.

The guidelines also make clear that the surgeon is responsible for the patient's welfare throughout the operation, including remaining in the operating room or the immediate vicin-

"The surgeon may delegate part of the operation to associates or residents under his or her personal direction, because modern surgery is often a team effort," the guidelines state. "If a resident is to perform the operation ... under the general supervision of the attend-

ing surgeon, the patient should have prior knowledge."

Dr. Joanne Conroy, chief health care officer for the Association of American Medical Colleges, the organization representing the na-



Mary Ann Bart, right, talks with granddaughter Madison Bart as she cuddles grandson Dominic VanDerWal at her son's restaurant in Springfield, III. Bart met with a Chicago urologist who promised to do her kidney stone operation, only to later find out that a urology fellow had done

tion's medical schools and teaching hospitals, said informed consent has greatly improved in an effort to be more transparent about who is doing what.

"Över the last 30 years, we have become much more explicit about the fact that students will be involved in your care," she said. We have been much more granular about talking about their involvement and talking to patients about their presence.

But even patients who shop around for a surgeon may not take the time to understand what exactly will happen in the operating room. At least one study reported that most people don't read their consent form, which spells out who will be involved in critical parts of the procedure.

As stark as some situations may seem, experts say a gray area exists where misunderstandings between patients and providers can occur. Advocates advise patients to review their surgical consent form early enough to ask questions about who will be involved with the procedure and to discuss any concerns with their surgeons.

"A true informed consent process begins with a transparent sharing of information," said Patty Skolnik, executive director of Citizens for Patient Safety, a national organization based in Colorado, "and that has to be an effective and open communication between the patient and the health professional.'

In the case involving Northwestern urologist Dr. Robert Nadler, Mary Ann Bart, of Springfield, Ill., said she made sure her consent form reflected her wishes by writing that "consent is for Dr. Nadler to perform proce-

But according to Bart's lawsuit, the doctor never scrubbed in for the procedure to remove her recurrent kidney stones, despite a verbal promise and Nadler's signature on the form. Instead, she alleges, one of his urology fellows did the operation.

Complications from the surgery required Bart to be resuscitated twice, and she has suffered medical and emotional problems that would not have happened had Nadler overseen her care during and after the operation, her lawsuit charges

"There's no part of my mind or body that was not affected by this," Bart said.

Neither Nadler nor the urology fellow named in the suit, Dr. David Rebuck, responded to requests for an interview, and Northwestern declined to comment on the lawsuit, citing pending litigation.

"We are an academic medical center where it's part of our mission to teach, develop and employ the very best physicians, nurses and health specialists," a statement from the hospital said. "It's this aspect of our health system — the fact that we're a teaching hospital that speaks to how and why we are among the nation's most advanced and among patients' most preferred hospitals.

Regarding consent, the statement said that 'generally speaking, surgical consent forms allow for supervision and assistance from multiple staff members. This differs significantly from 'informed consent,' which can't be generalized, as it signifies a patient-physician conversation, and every physician has a different approach.

Meanwhile, a lawsuit filed by Chicago orthopedic surgeon Dr. Robert Goldberg has raised questions about operations at Rush University Medical Center. His suit alleges that Rush and Midwest Orthopaedics, a group of surgeons who operate there, routinely violated the law by illegally billing Medicare for simultaneous operations, all conducted by unsupervised medical residents.

The suit says senior doctors who were supposed to be solely responsible for the operations were not present during critical portions of procedures as Medicare rules require.

"By carefully thought-out design, each doctor defendant ensured that while he was inserting the knee, hip or shoulder prosthesis in one operating room, he was simultaneously responsible for another surgery that was being actively conducted by residents in another operating room," the lawsuit states.

Doctors also tried to conceal what they

were doing by ordering nurses not to record the times when they entered and exited operations, according to the lawsuit.

Rush disputes the allegations. "This is a matter which Rush University

Medical Center has been defending and continues to vigorously defend," it said in a statement. "Rush stands fully behind its actions, past and present, and is fully supportive of the Rush SurgiCenter, Midwest Orthopaedics at Rush and its outstanding orthopedic sur-

The statement also said that surgical patients are informed of the primary surgeon at the time the case is scheduled, and that the hospital "endeavors to communicate if there are any specific changes in the treatment

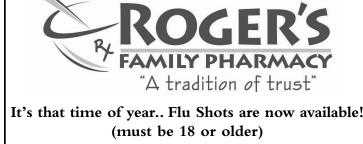
In Richter's case, she had opted to have an elective heart procedure so she could stop taking the medication that had kept her lifelong arrhythmia under control. Richter, 39 at the time, wanted to have a baby.
She said Dr. Laurence Epstein, chief of the

cardiac arrhythmia service at Brigham and Women's Hospital in Boston, had agreed to handle her operation himself. But he booked a conflicting appointment days earlier and, instead of notifying her or rescheduling, asked an associate to step in without telling her, her lawsuit said.

The physicians' attorney, Philip E. Murray Jr., said the associate was well-qualified, and the doctors did not try to carry out a bait-andswitch. When Epstein realized he was running late because of another medical appointment, he called the hospital to instruct the associate, Dr. Kyoko Soejima, to offer Richter a choice between waiting for Richter or allowing Soejima to do the procedure, Murray said.

Richter then gave the OK to proceed without Epstein, Murray said, Richter said she does not recall discussing the matter with Soejima and said she would not have agreed to go ahead without Epstein.

"I was devastated," Richter said. "The outcome didn't need to happen, because if I had had the surgery I needed done, by the surgeon I contracted with, it probably wouldn't have happened. I was dumbfounded that they could do something like this without your knowledge.'



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