

1650 Houses For Sale**412 Douglas • Historic Home Open House**

Every Saturday 12Noon-4pm
3-bedroom, 2-bath, 1,250 sq.ft., large storage building, 2-car garage. (605)665-0954. 20K yearly business available separately. <http://www.yankton.net/app/html/412douglas/>

**512 E. 29th St. • Yankton PRICE REDUCED \$275,000**

Beautiful 5-bedroom, 3-bath home with over 3000 sq. ft. of finished living space. Main floor laundry, enclosed deck, corner lot. A must see! Call Kami Guthmiller Lewis & Clark Realty (605)660-2147.

**706 Pine • \$64,900 CHEAPER THAN RENT!**

2-bedroom, 1-bath, garage. New shingles, freshly painted inside and out, new carpeting, stove/refrigerator, main floor laundry.

MOTIVATED SELLER!
Leona, (605)660-6078
Anderson Realty, LLC.

**708 Douglas Ave. • Yankton PRICE IMPROVED • \$135,000**

This 3-bedroom, 2-bath home was completely renovated from the studs up! Almost 2,000 finished square feet. Call Brad Dykes 605-660-1414. Shore to Shore Realty, LLC.

For Sale or Rent: Home in Wakonda. 6 years old, corner lot, garage, decked back with hot tub. Large fenced in backyard. 4-bedroom, 3-bath, large kitchen, living room, family room, laundry room. New paint & carpet throughout house one year ago. (605)267-2535 or (605)661-2535.

**New Home For Sale 1304 W. 27th St.**

1555 square foot, 3 bedroom, 2 bath, open floor plan, covered front porch and rear deck. Ceramic tile in kitchen and baths, granite countertop and Starmark cabinetry. List Construction (605)661-8003.

1655 Mobile Homes For Sale

Imagine 2015 mobile home set up in court in Yankton. Contract for deed at wholesale price. \$5,000 down, we'll finance, roughly \$380 a month plus lot rent. Why rent? Start owning now. Stop making your landlord rich. This is a no brainer, call now, Nationwide Homes (605)665-0822.

1670 Income Property For Sale**302 Main Street • Volin \$80,000**

5-bedroom, 2 1/2-bath, duplex and trailer. Wayne, Century 21, (605)760-0780.

**1670 Income Property For Sale****304 Main Street • Volin \$90,000**

6-bedroom, 2- full bath, 2-1/2 bath. Renting as a duplex Wayne, Century 21, (605)760-0780.

1685 Want To Buy Real Estate

Attention we buy used mobile homes. Cash on the spot. Call now (605)665-0822

1700 Merchandise

Mi-T-M Power Washer 2700 PSI, Honda motor with extra hose, like new \$450. (605)665-7300.

1705 Items \$100 or Less

6-place setting of china includes serving bowls etc., gray and white \$50. (605)664-2478.

7-piece 12 place setting of Sango china white with smoke edging includes platters, serving bowls, gravy, etc. \$85 (605)664-2478.

Hunter green leather sofa, good condition, \$95. Can deliver for a fee (605)463-2257.

Windows XP computer tower, works great \$50. Call (605)661-0494.

Wood table with two padded benches, all redone, \$100. Call (402)360-4742.

1775 Home Furnishings

Small baby grand piano, needs some TLC, \$200. (605)661-0389.

1840 Lost and Found

LOST: River City Harmony Sweet Adelines magnetic door signs have gone missing. Reward for return. (605)668-0659

1850 Agriculture

Want to Buy: 2 to 5 acres in the Yankton area. Call (605)212-8896.

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10+7+14+21+28
STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA)
)
COUNTY OF YANKTON)

IN CIRCUIT COURT
FIRST JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

CIV. #14-349
NOTICE OF HEARING ON
PETITION FOR NAME
CHANGE

IN THE MATTER OF THE
NAME CHANGE OF

SEVI LEE BERKES.

YOU WILL PLEASE

TAKE NOTICE THAT the undersigned will bring on for hearing the Petition For Change of Name which requests that the name of SEVI LEE BERKES be changed to that of SEVI LEE BERKES GUY and such hearing will come before the Honorable Cheryl Gering at the Yankton County Courthouse & Public Safety Center, 5th and Walnut, Yankton, South Dakota, on the 24th day of November, 2014, at 9:00 o'clock a.m., or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

Dated this 26th day of September, 2014.

HARME LINK, FOX &
RAVNSBORG LAW OFFICE
/s/:

Wanda Howey-Fox
Attorney at Law
721 Douglas — Suite #101
Yankton, SD 57078
(605) 665-1001

10+7
2014 Constitutional Amendment

The following amendment to the State Constitution is submitted to the voters by the Legislature. The amendment will not become effective unless approved by majority vote.

Constitutional Amendment Q

Title:
An Amendment to the South Dakota Constitution authorizing the Legislature to allow roulette, keno and craps in Deadwood.

Attorney General Explanation:
The Constitution currently authorizes the Legislature to allow two kinds of games of chance in Deadwood: limited card games and slot machines. The proposed amendment authorizes the Legislature to also allow roulette, keno

2010 Legal and Public Notices

and craps in Deadwood.

Under federal law, any games of chance authorized by the Legislature to be offered in Deadwood would also be allowed at on-reservation tribal casinos.

A vote "Yes" is for changing the constitution to allow the Legislature to authorize roulette, keno and craps in Deadwood.

A vote "No" will leave the constitution as it is.

Full Text of Constitutional Amendment Q

That Article III, section 25 of the Constitution of the State of South Dakota, be amended to read as follows:

§ 25. The Legislature shall not authorize any game of chance, lottery, or gift enterprise, under any pretense, or for any purpose whatever provided, however, it shall be lawful for the Legislature to authorize by law, bona fide veterans, charitable, educational, religious or fraternal organizations, civic and service clubs, volunteer fire departments, or such other public spirited organizations as it may recognize, to conduct games of chance when the entire net proceeds of such games of chance are to be devoted to educational, charitable, patriotic, religious, or other public spirited uses. However, it shall be lawful for the Legislature to authorize by law a state lottery or video games of chance, or both, which are regulated by the state of South Dakota, either separately by the state or jointly with one or more states, and which are owned and operated by the state of South Dakota, either separately by the state or jointly with one or more states or persons, provided any such video games of chance shall not directly dispense coins or tokens. However, the Legislature shall not expand the statutory authority existing as of June 1, 1994, regarding any private ownership of state lottery games or video games of chance, or both. The Legislature shall establish the portion of proceeds due the state from such lottery or video games of chance, or both, and the purposes for which those proceeds are to be used. SDCL 42-7A, and its amendments, regulations, and related laws, and all acts and contracts relying for authority upon such laws and regulations, beginning July 1, 1987, to the effective date of this amendment, are ratified and approved. Further, it shall be lawful for the Legislature to authorize by law, roulette, keno, craps, limited card games and slot machines within the city limits of Deadwood, provided that 60% of the voters of the City of Deadwood approve legislatively authorized card games and slot machines at an election called for such purpose. The entire net Municipal proceeds of such roulette, keno, craps, card games and slot machines shall be devoted to the Historic Restoration and Preservation of Deadwood.

2014 Initiated Measures

The following initiated measures were proposed by petition for submission to the voters. These initiated measures will not become effective unless approved by majority vote.

Initiated Measure 17

Title:
An initiated measure to require health insurers to include all willing and qualified health care providers on their provider lists.

Attorney General Explanation:
Some health insurers offer health benefit plans in which the insurer maintains a list of health care providers. Plan members must use listed providers in order to obtain the maximum plan coverage, or to have coverage at all. "Health care providers" include doctors and other licensed health care professionals, clinics and hospitals.

The initiated measure establishes who is entitled to be on the insurer's list of providers. The measure requires that these insurers list all health care providers who are willing, qualified and meet the conditions for participation established by the insurer.

The measure does not apply to all health insurers, nor to certain kinds of insurance and plans including those involving specified disease, indemnity, accident only, dental, vision, Medicare supplement, long-term care or disability income, and workers' compensation.

A vote "Yes" is for the law requiring health insurers to include all willing and qualified health care providers on their provider lists.

A vote "No" is against the proposed law.

Full Text of Initiated Measure 17

Section 1. No health insurer, including the South Dakota Medicaid program, may obstruct pa-

2010 Legal and Public Notices

tient choice by excluding a health care provider licensed under the laws of this state from participating on the health insurer's panel of providers if the provider is located within the geographic coverage area of the health benefit plan and is willing and fully qualified to meet the terms and conditions of participation as established by the health insurer.

Section 2. Terms and used in this Initiated Measure mean:

(1) "Health benefit plan," any hospital or medical expense policy or certificate, hospital or medical service plan, nonprofit hospital, medical-surgical health service corporation contract or certificate, provider sponsored integrated health delivery network, self-insured plan or plan provided by multiple employer welfare arrangements, health maintenance organization subscriber contract of more than six-month duration, or any health benefit plan that affects the rights of a South Dakota insured and bears a reasonable relation to South Dakota, whether delivered or issued for delivery in South Dakota. The term does not include specified disease, hospital indemnity, fixed indemnity, accident only, credit, dental, vision, Medicare supplement, long-term care or disability income insurance, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, workers' compensation or similar insurance, automobile medical payment insurance, or any plan or coverage exempted from state regulation by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), 29 U.S.C. 18; (2) "Health insurer," any entity within the definitions set forth in subdivisions 58-17F-1(11), (12), and (15), any entity offering a health benefit plan as defined by §58-17F-2, all self-insurers or multiple employer welfare arrangements, and self-insured employer-organized associations. The term does not include any entity exempted from state regulation by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), 29 U.S.C. 18; (3) "Health care provider," any individual or entity within the scope of the definition of health care provider as defined by subdivision 58-17F-1(9).

Initiated Measure 18

Title:
An initiated measure to increase the state minimum wage.

Attorney General Explanation:

The initiated measure amends state law to raise South Dakota's hourly minimum wage for non-tipped employees from \$7.25 to \$8.50 per hour, effective January 1, 2015. Thereafter, this minimum wage will be annually adjusted by any increase in the cost of living. The cost of living increase is measured by the change in the Consumer Price Index published by the U.S. Department of Labor. In no case may the minimum wage be decreased.

In addition, the hourly minimum wage for tipped employees will be half the minimum wage for non-tipped employees as adjusted by any cost of living increase described above.

These increases would apply to all employers in South Dakota, with limited exceptions.

A vote "Yes" is for the increase in the state minimum wage.

A vote "No" is against the change in the law.

Full Text of Initiated Measure 18

Section 1. That §60-11-3 be amended to read as follows: 60-11-3. Every employer shall pay to each employee wages at a rate of not less than seven ~~eight~~ ^{twenty-five} dollars and ~~twenty-five~~ ^{fifty} cents an hour. Violation of this section is a Class 2 misdemeanor. The provisions of this section do not apply to certain employees being paid an opportunity wage pursuant to §60-11-4.1, babysitters, or outside salespersons. The provisions of this section do not apply to employees employed by an amusement or recreational establishment, an organized camp, or a religious or nonprofit educational conference center if one of the following apply:

(1) The establishment, camp, or center does not operate for more than seven months in any calendar year; or
(2) During the preceding calendar year, the average receipts of the establishment, camp, or center for any six months of the calendar year were not more than thirty-three and one-third percent of its average receipts for the other six months of the year.

Section 2. That §60-11-3.1 be amended to read as follows: 60-11-3.1. Any employer of a tipped employee shall pay a cash wage of not less than ~~two dollars and thirteen cents an hour~~ ^{fifty percent of the minimum wage}

2010 Legal and Public Notices

provided by §60-11-3 if the employer claims a tip credit against the employer's minimum wage obligation. If an employee's tip combined with the employer's cash wage of not less than ~~two dollars and thirteen cents an hour~~ ^{fifty percent of the minimum wage provided by §60-11-3} does not equal the minimum hourly wage, the employer shall make up the difference as additional wages for each regular pay period of the employer. A tipped employee is one engaged in an occupation in which the employee customarily and regularly receives more than thirty-five dollars a month in tips or other considerations. This section does not apply to babysitters or outside salespersons. This section also does not apply to employees employed by an amusement or recreational establishment, an organized camp, or a religious or nonprofit educational conference center if one of the following apply:

(1) The establishment, camp, or center does not operate for more than seven months in any calendar year; or
(2) During the preceding calendar year, the average receipts of the establishment, camp, or center for any six months of the calendar year were not more than thirty-three and one-third percent of its average receipts for the other six months of the year.

Section 3. That chapter 60-11 be amended by adding thereto a NEW SECTION to read as follows: Beginning January 1, 2016, and again on January 1 of each year thereafter, the minimum wage provided by §60-11-13 shall be adjusted by the increase, if any, in the cost of living. The increase in the cost of living shall be measured by the percentage increase as of August of the immediately preceding year over the level as measured as of August of the previous year of the Consumer Price Index (all urban consumers, U.S. city average for all items) or its successor index as published by the U.S. Department of Labor or its successor agency, with the amount of the minimum wage increase, if any, rounded up to the nearest five cents. In no case shall the minimum wage be decreased. The Secretary of the South Dakota Department of Labor and Regulation or its designee shall publish the adjusted minimum wage rate for the forthcoming year on its internet home page by October 15 of each year, and it shall become effective on January 1 of the forthcoming year.

Patty Hojem
Yankton County Auditor
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Ebola**From Page 1**

talked to his son over a video chat system at Nebraska Medical Center.

In Spain, the stricken nurse had been part of a team that treated two missionaries flown home to Spain after becoming infected with Ebola in West Africa. The nurse's only symptom was a fever, but the infection was confirmed by two tests, Spanish health officials said. She was being treated in isolation, while authorities drew up a list of people she had had contact with.

Medical workers in Texas were among Americans waiting to find out whether they had been infected by Duncan, the African traveler.

In Washington, the White House continued to rule out any blanket ban on travel from West Africa.

People leaving the outbreak zone are checked for fevers before they're allowed to board airplanes, but the disease's incubation period is 21 days and symptoms could arise later.

Airline crews and border agents already watch for obviously sick passengers, and in a high-level meeting at the White House, officials discussed potential options for screening passengers when they arrive in the U.S. as well.

Obama said the U.S. will be "working on protocols to do additional passenger screening both at the source and here in the United States." He did not outline any details or offer a timeline for when new measures might begin.

The Obama administration maintains that the best way to protect Americans is to end the outbreak in Africa. To that end, the U.S. military was working Monday on the first of 17 promised medical centers in Liberia and train-

Forum**From Page 1**

He said that the United States persists on imposing its "worldwide taxation system" as opposed to a "territorial" model that developed countries across the globe have embraced.

In a territorial system, the nation with jurisdiction over the company's activities has the ability to tax it. For example, if a company profits from doing business in Germany, you owe the German treasury taxes, regardless of your citizenship.

But under the worldwide tax system, it is not the location of a company's economic activity that determines taxation the home base of a residency as a company or individual.

"Let's say I'm Apple. I sold an iPhone in Germany and make a \$100 profit. Germany is going to tax that \$100," Jeautang explained. "Then the U.S. will also tax that \$100. And then I will take part of their \$100 and pays dividends with shareholders. Those shareholders are going to be taxed, too."

Jeautang said shareholders will face a triple taxation. "Shareholders aren't happy with that," he said. "We need to do away with this worldwide tax system."

Ragothaman agreed that the U.S. needs a tax reform. He said that if companies could save money legally, why shouldn't they?

"Companies try to access cheaper money wherever they can get it. We do that in our own lives. We go where interest rates are extremely low," Ragothaman said. "These companies are just shopping for the lowest tax rates."

The top U.S. tax rate on businesses is 35 percent, which is the highest among industrialized nations. Ragothaman said that the ultimate purpose of a corporation is to grow the number of shareholders and to create wealth. So to fulfill that purpose, corporations go elsewhere because they make more money there.

"Companies do inversions to minimize their taxes," Ragothaman said. "Tax avoidance is OK. Tax evasion is not." Despite new tightened tax rules, reports indicate Burger King plans to still move forward in the tax inversion process.

Medtronic said in an official address that it is studying the Treasury actions potential impact on its planned inversion.

Nobody at Monday's forum spoke in favor of the current system.

Follow Jordynne Hart on twitter at twitter.com/hartjordynne. Discuss this story at yankton.net.

ing up to 4,000 soldiers this week to help with the Ebola crisis.

The U.S. is equipped to stop any further cases that reach this country, said White House spokesman Josh Earnest.

"The tragedy of this situation is that Ebola is rapidly spreading among populations in West African who don't have that kind of medical infrastructure," Earnest said.

About 350 U.S. troops are already in Liberia, the Pentagon said, to begin building a 25-bed field hospital for medical workers infected with Ebola. A torrential rain delayed the start of the job on Monday.

The virus has taken an especially devastating toll on health care workers, sickening or killing more than 370 in the hardest-hit countries of Liberia, Guinea and Sierra Leone — places that already were short on doctors and nurses before Ebola.

Texas Gov. Rick Perry urged the U.S. government to begin screening air passengers arriving from Ebola-affected nations, including taking their temperatures.

Perry stopped short, however, of joining some conservatives who have backed bans on travel from those countries.

Federal health officials say a travel ban could make the desperate situation worse in the afflicted countries, and White House spokesman Earnest said it was not currently under consideration.

Southwest Airlines CEO Gary Kelly said he saw no need for additional screening at airports and noted that airlines already carefully clean planes.

Airlines have dealt with previous epidemics, such as the 2003 outbreak in Asia of SARS, or severe acute respiratory syndrome.

"Now it's Ebola," Kelly said. "We are always on the alert for any kind of infectious disease."